Digital Financial Services (DFS) Council
The multi-stakeholder platform for DFS policy dialogue in Jordan

Context
Digital finance is an emerging sector in Jordan. Digital financial services (DFS), specifically mobile wallets, were introduced after the Central Bank of Jordan launched JoMoPay (Jordan Mobile Payment) in 2014 as a national switch to connect all digital payment providers and monitor all digital transactions to facilitate low-cost purchases, bill payment transactions, and money transfers. Seven mobile payment service providers have since joined the market and various financial institutions, whether microfinance institutions or aid disbursement agencies, have adopted digital channels for their financial services. The Central Bank of Jordan has issued a number of instructions to regulate this sector, covering topics from consumer protection and agent management to anti-money laundering and countering the financing of terrorism (AML/CFT). As of March 2021, JoMoPay has over 277,251 active users.

Stakeholders are actively involved in the process of shaping regulations for DFS, while continuing to learn from successful models and explore best practices. The DFS Council was established in 2016 to support the emerging digital financial sector in Jordan as a multi-stakeholder consultative dialogue forum for policy-related issues. It is chaired by the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ), and supported by the GIZ Digi#ances Project.

Objective
The platform’s objectives are to counsel the CBJ on policy and regulatory issues concerning DFS in Jordan and enhance stakeholders’ knowledge of core DFS topics. The platform allows suggestions and concerns from the private sector to be considered in the development of new regulations and guidelines, facilitates coordination with other regulatory entities, and ensures that the target group’s voices are heard. It also provides members with an opportunity to exchange experiences and jointly contribute to the development of DFS in Jordan.
Council Members

Members of the Council include representatives of regulatory bodies, banks, payment service providers, exchange houses, microfinance institutions, and mobile network operators. There are currently nearly 60 people and 30 organisations in the Council, and since the participants occupy decision-making positions within their respective organisations, they not only contribute to the discussions but can also take action.

Impact

The Council meets quarterly to address issues of high importance and relevance to the formulation of DFS regulations and developments in the sector. Fifteen meetings have so far taken place, covering topics including consumer protection, user awareness and financial literacy, AML/CFT, digital cross-border remittances, and Blockchain for DFS. As a result of these meetings, members contributed to changes in consumer protection regulations that introduced a clear complaint mechanism, and amendments to AML/CFT instructions to ensure clarity and simplicity of content. Council members also committed themselves to contributing to the financial literacy roadmap by signing an MoU at the Central Bank of Jordan to increase users’ knowledge of existing services and enhance their capability to use them responsibly.

DFS Dialogues

The DFS Council also organises DFS Dialogues, which are informal meetings that open to public. The Dialogues aim to enhance information and knowledge exchange regarding digital financial services and financial inclusion on both national and international arenas. This platform allows participants to benefit from international experiences - like Philippines to Brazil - and explore the possibilities on adapting them to the Jordanian context, including financially including the Syrian refugees.

The project is part of the BMZ special initiative ‘Tackling the Root Causes of Displacement, Reintegrating Refugees’, which provides short-term support to refugees and their host communities. In the long term, sustainable measures are designed to eliminate the structural causes of displacement, such as social injustice and food insecurity. This particular project promotes equality and social and economic development for refugees and low-income Jordanians.