Triangular Co-operation with Latin America and the Caribbean: A forward-looking modality for a globalised world

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What is triangular co-operation?

- **Ecuador, Peru**
- **Cuba, China**
- **Germany**
Triangular co-operation is on the rise

**Top 10 countries**

- Germany
- Chile
- Mexico
- Japan
- Guatemala
- Spain
- Brazil
- Colombia
- United States
- El Salvador

- **AFRICA**: 124 projects (16% of total projects)
- **ASIA-PACIFIC**: 88 projects (12% of total projects)
- **LAC**: 373 projects (49% of total projects)
- **MENA**: 19 projects (3% of total projects)
- **ECIS**: 17 projects (2% of total projects)
Lessons from Latin America and the Caribbean

- Regional integration around international co-operation issues strong in LAC (CEPAL, SEGIB, PIFCSS)
- LAC partners demand triangular co-operation because they see it as:
  - strong in finding innovative ideas and solutions;
  - good in scaling-up and adapting experiences to different contexts;
  - leveraging resources – small funds can go very far in having a big developmental impact;
  - a fertile ground for learning for co-operation agencies;
  - building ownership and trust.
Partnership results of triangular co-operation

TOOLKIT
FOR IDENTIFYING, MONITORING AND EVALUATING THE VALUE ADDED OF TRIANGULAR CO-OPERATION
Triangular co-operation in the global spotlight

Follow-up from BAPA +40: Events and advocacy

Voluntary guidelines

Partners beyond governments

Countries/governments

Analytical work

Tools to promote inclusive partnerships

Building the evidence base and collecting data

Regional organisations

Multilateral development banks

Global fora
Triangular co-operation in times of COVID-19

Triangular co-operation taps into the experience and expertise of leading health, environment, agriculture and climate research institutes around the world.

In times of global crises, these triangular partnerships can help to share the knowledge and data which is needed:

- 12% of the overall 2012-18 triangular co-operation projects target health.
- In line with envisioning a ‘green’, green triangular co-operation represents 34% of all triangular co-operation projects for the period 2011-18.
A mindset shift is needed…

… moving from a project-based approach to perceiving triangular co-operation as investments in partnerships to provide global public goods.

“The other rationale for further trilateral projects is that China continues to have substantial development experience that is relevant to other developing countries, and China has a role to play in providing global public goods (such as infectious disease control).”

Source: DFID (2017)
Further information

For further information including:

- OECD reports and factsheets on triangular co-operation.
- Summaries of meetings and side events organised by the OECD.

Please visit our website at:

http://www.oecd.org/dac/triangular-co-operation/

Literature repository, with over 140 documents:


Online project repository, with information on over 750 projects:

Thank you very much!

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