









Demand for Microfinance in Laos

An Assessment of the Current Clients and the Future Potential of Microfinance in Rural Areas





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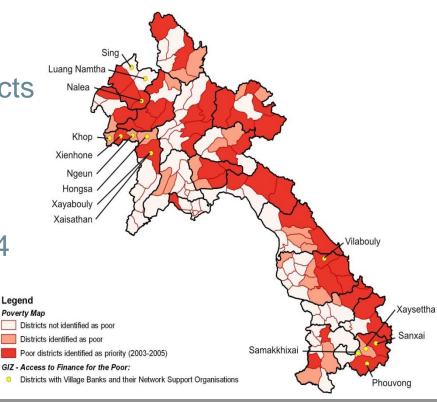
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Key Facts:

- > Operates on three Levels: Village Banks, Network Support Organizations and advice to Bank of Lao PDR
- Supports more than 260 Village Banks in remote and rural Laos
- Operates in 4 provinces / 14 districts
- Offers financial services to more 30,000 households in rural Laos
- Budget of 3.75 m EUR for 2011-14
- Started in 2009

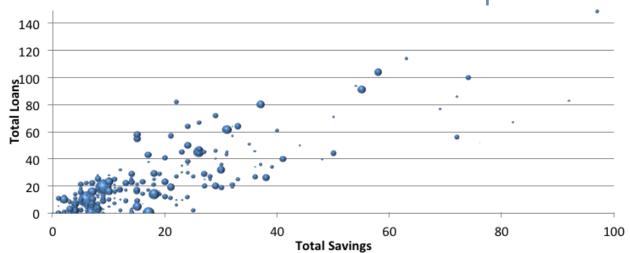




Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) Gmbl 1. Access to Finance for the Poor

Village Bank Characteristics (average values):

- Opens once a month
- > Run by 4-5 committee members
- > 60 members per VB (range 20 to 400)
- > 28 m Kip accumulated savings
- > 33 m Kip Ioan portfolio (ø Ioan size 1.7 m Kip)
- ➤ Interest rates for loans: 1% to 4% p. M.







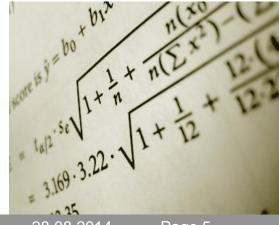




Basics of Demand Assessment 2. Basics of Demand Assessment

Selected Sample for the Demand Assessment:

- ➤ Interviews in 52 villages with low (13), medium (20) and high (19) economic potential
- > Altogether 224 households were interviewed (5 per village)
- > Focus on Village Bank members, but also 38 potential future clients
- ➤ Interviews were conducted orally
- Questionnaire consisted of questions to income, savings and loans of the villagers (up to 150 questions)
- → Survey yielded a total of 39,000 data points

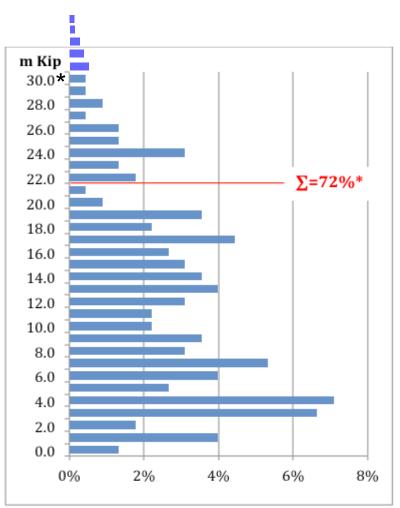




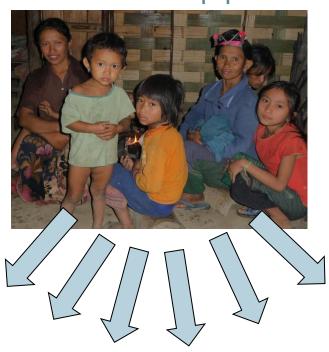
Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) Gmbł 3. Who are our Clients?



Annual Household Income of the Villagers



Average Household Income = 22.5 m Kip p.a.



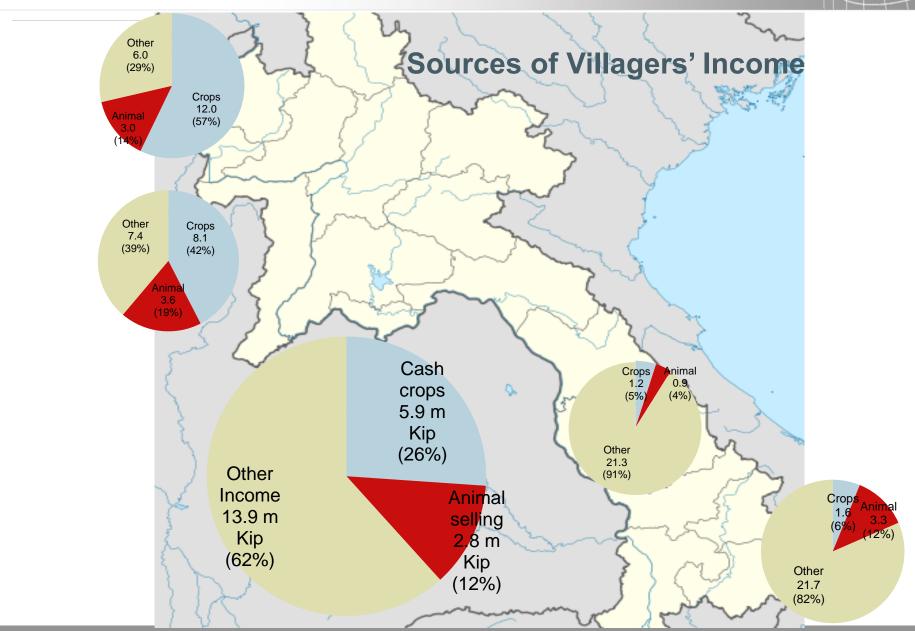
3.75 m Kip p. person p.a. = 10.000 Kip per day

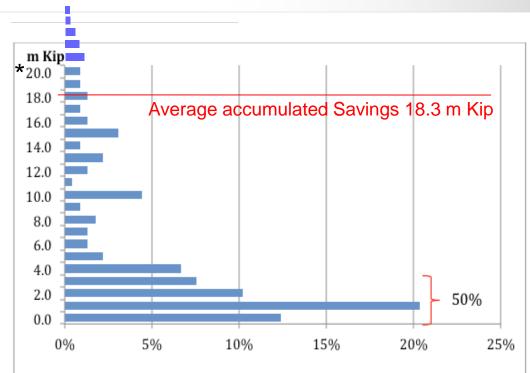
= 1.25 USD

= Poverty Line



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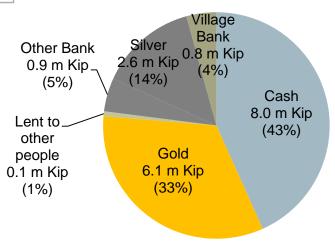






Strong concentration at the lower savings end!

Large Cash and Gold amounts and still potential for Village Bank savings acquisition

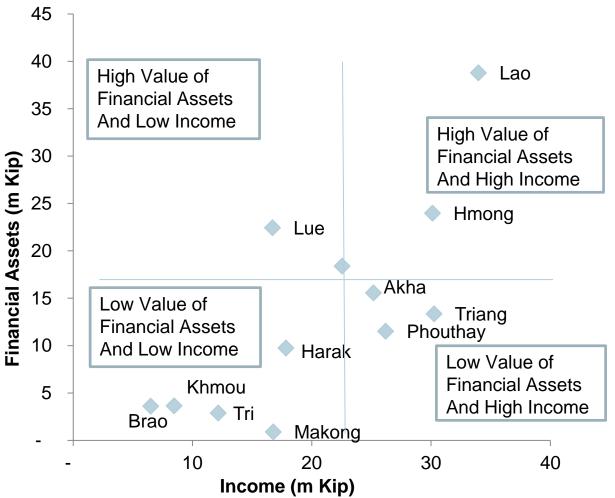




Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) Gmbl 4. Financial Assets of our Clients



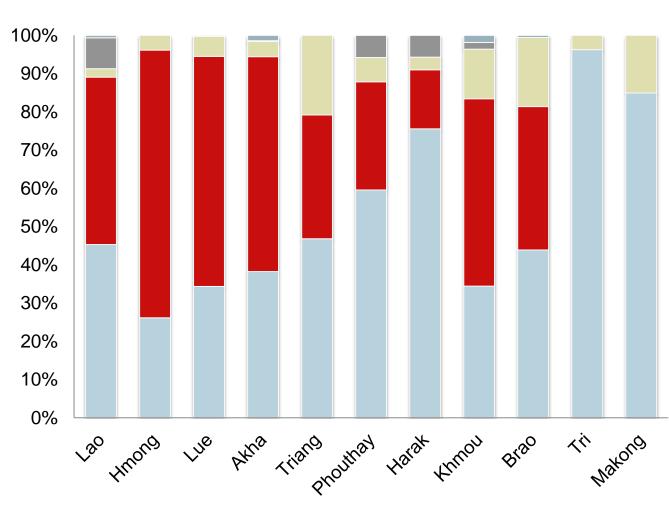
Distribution of Financial Assets and Income







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Depending on the ethnic background of the villagers, saving patterns differ!

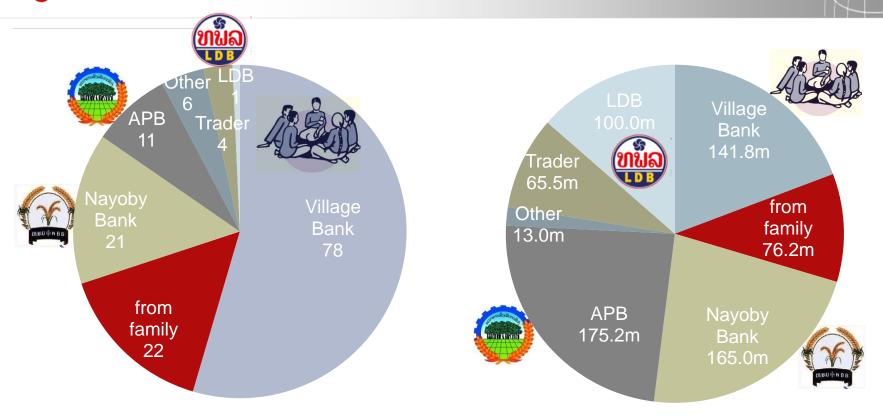


- Cash
- Gold & Silver
- Village Bank
- Other Bank
- Lent to Other People





Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) Gmbl 5. Financial Liabilities of our Clients



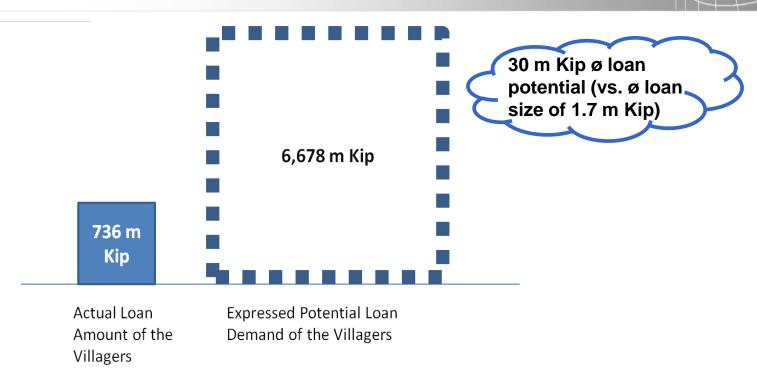
Number of Respondents' Credit Sources

Total Loan Amounts by Credit Source (m Kip)

Average Loan Amount of the Village Banks is comparably small, but it reaches a lot of costumers.



6. Further Microfinance Demand?



The potential credit demand is nine times the amount of currently outstanding credit amount and also 1.6 times the amount of total savings of the villagers. Desired individual loan amounts in some cases exceeds the defined microfinance limitations.

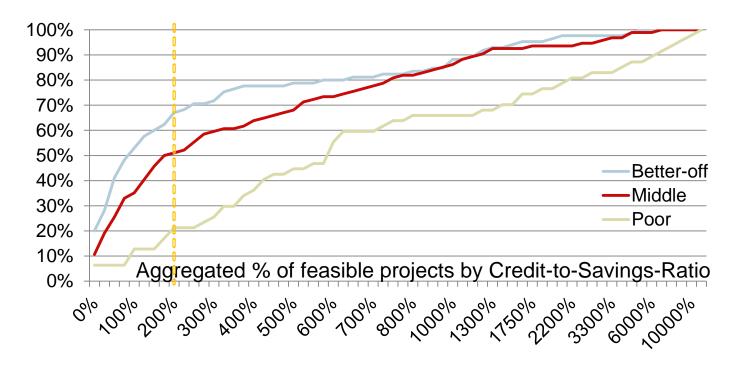


Anyhow, the expressed potential Microfinance Amount is very high and seems exaggerated!



6. Further Microfinance Demand?

In order to get an idea of the financing capacity of different rural villagers we calculated a credit-to-savings ratio for each investment idea based on the respondents' hypothetical loan request and total financial assets owned.



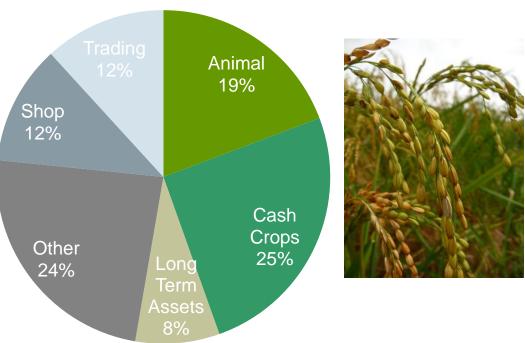


Approximately half of the investment ideas are at or below a 200% credit-to-savings ratio.



Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) Gmbl 6. Further Microfinance Demand?





Depending on the specifics of the region the potential rural loan demand is:

- nearly 50% for agriculture investments
- another quarter for trading activities or to build up shops
- rest for long term assets like houses and rice mills or other



Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) Gmbł 7. Conclusions



Conclusions for Access to Finance for the Poor

Huge amounts of financial assets not invested in flexible and income bearing asset accounts



offer additional savings products

to meet the villagers' needs even better

increase the minimum monthly savings rate

to encourage / more savings link VB with
excess liquidity
to commercial
banks

to link VB to the formal financial sector

open the village bank more often

to increase visibility and flexibility of the village bank



Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) Gmbł 7. Conclusions



Conclusions for Access to Finance for the Poor

➤ Further demand for Loan Investments in rural Laos

Further trainings on delinquent loans

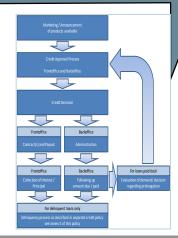
Consult VB on nearly every VB day

Approve and disburse "oversized" loans in NSO Focus on enhanced credit approval process













Thank you very much for your attention!









Published by:

Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH

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